- 原著 -

加齢歯科診療室における病病連携歯科治療の現状

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The present state of collaboration between our clinic and medical hospitals

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Abstract: The medical and dental facilities here at Niigata University agreed to renew their formal relationship, in April of 2000. It was decided from that point, that our department would essentially function as the gateway through which the patients would access all their other options regarding dental-treatment. Following preliminary examinations, new patients were either cared for by our clinicians, or transferred to other outpatient clinics.

Medical doctors have only recently begun to get a grasp of the integral relationship that exists between dental hygiene/health, and overall physical wellbeing. With this new awareness, and in view of the rather increase, not only to ensure that tests for dental focal infection are carried out prior to the conduct of organ transplants, but also, to make certain that patients in ICUs and clean rooms receive proper oral care during their stays, as this is essential to the prevention of pneumonia.

We undertook this investigation to try to determine the best way to provide dental treatment for inpatients introduced to us from our affiliated medical hospital.

抄録: 平成12年4月から,新潟大学医学部附属病院(医病)と歯学部附属病院(歯病)の間に,新たな病病連携を目指した取り組みがスタートし,加齢歯科診療室が医病に入院している患者の窓口としての役割を担うこととなった。紹介患者の歯科治療は診療内容から振り分けられ,早急に当科で治療する場合と専門外来へ再紹介する場合がある。一方,医病入院患者の歯科治療に対する医師側の認識も少しずつ変化があり,特に臓器移植手術前の歯性病巣感染源の診査や,重症患者の集中治療室や無菌室での口腔内ケアの依頼も増えてきた。

本調査の目的は、本学医病から紹介を受けた入院患者の歯科診療の実態を明らかにすることによって、入院患者の歯科治療への要望の特徴を把握し、医病入院患者への歯科治療に対する本院のあり方について考察することである。容易でかつ非破壊な手法であることが確認された。